KEVIN BURNS

BUILDING INSPECTIONS

REGISTERED BUILDER 6163



PRE-PURCHASE VISUAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION REPORT No. 822

CLIENT: Talavera

PROPERTY ADDRESS: Mindarie

DATE: 20 April 2017 TIME: 9.00am WEATHER: Fine

VISUAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION REPORT PREPARED BY:

K. R. BURNS Builders Reg. No.6163 TEL: 93050811 MOB: O418910743

EMAIL: kevin@kevinburnshomes.com.au

VISUAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION REPORT

PROPERTY ADDRESS: Mindarie

PROPERTY AGE: 17 years (To be confirmed).

As requested a **VISUAL STRUCTURAL INSPECTION** was carried out to report on the <u>structural integrity</u> of the property and to advise of any <u>major</u> structural defects viewed.

Primarily, the inspector is engaged to carry out an inspection to determine, in his opinion, the structural integrity of the property but in addition, various maintenance and non-structural items observed during the inspection may be noted for the client's awareness.

Please refer to the terms of the Offer and Acceptance to determine the responsibility of non-structural items observed.

PLEASE REFER TO THE REAR OF THE REPORT FOR IMPORTANT NOTES CLARIFYING THE EXTENT OF THE REPORT, SCOPE OF INSPECTION TO AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS FOR A VISUAL STRUCTURAL REPORT AND DEFINITION OF A STRUCTURAL DEFECT.

CONCLUSION ON THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE PROPERTY AT: Mindarie

OVERALL, IN THE OPINION OF THE INSPECTOR, AND SUBJECT TO THE ITEMS STATED IN THE REPORT, THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE HOME IS IN SOUND CONDITION WITH NO MAJOR FAULTS FOUND. THE PROPERTY WILL REQUIRE GENERAL MAINTENANCE TO BE CARRIED OUT WHICH IS TYPICAL OF A PROPERTY THIS AGE.

The swimming pool security <u>may not</u> be to safety regulations. It is recommended an inspection be carried out by the City of Wanneroo.

Signed

KEVIN BURNS Registered Builder 6163

This is a report on the structure and does not determine if the appropriate Building Licences have been obtained for the main house or any additions such as patios or sheds.

This report is valid for 2 months from the date of inspection and subject to the terms and conditions attached.

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TERMS FOUND IN THE REPORT

- 1) **GOOD CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred is in a well maintained state and does not require any immediate attention in order to retain its current form.
- 2) **SATISFACTORY CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred to is either in a sound or average state and is not likely to cause a structural fault in the foreseeable future but **may** require some maintenance in the near future.
- **3) POOR CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred to is in a below average state and requires maintenance in order to avoid the possible onset of a structural fault. A maintenance item that is mentioned to be in poor condition will require repairs or replacement.

DEFINITION OF A STRUCTURAL DEFECT

"STRUCTURAL DEFECT" means a fault or deviation from the intended structural performance of a building element and is a major defect to the building structure of sufficient magnitude where rectification has to be carried out in order to avoid unsafe conditions, loss of unity, or further deterioration of the building structure. Structural defects do not include any non-structural element, e.g. roof plumbing and roof covering, general gas, water and sanitary plumbing, electrical wiring, partition walls, cabinetry, windows, doors, trims, fencing, minor structures, non-structural damp issues, ceiling linings, floor coverings, decorative finishes such as plastering, painting, tiling etc. general maintenance, or spalling of masonry, fretting or mortar rusting.

AREAS INSPECTED AT: Mindarie

- 1) EXTERIOR OF THE BUILDING
- 2) SUB-FLOOR SPACE WHERE APPLICABLE
- 3) ROOF EXTERIOR
- 4) INTERIOR OF THE BUILDING
- 5) ROOF SPACE
- 6) PROPERTY WITHIN 30m OF THE BUILDING SUBJECT TO INSPECTION

EXTERIOR OF THE BUILDING

EXTERNAL WALLS

- a) The external face brick walls, where viewed, are in good condition for the age of the property and show no evidence of any major structural faults.
- b) A few movement cracks were noted which are typical in established homes. These cracks appear to be caused by minor settlement and are of no structural concern. It is always recommended to monitor cracking and consult a structural engineer if further movement occurs.





SUB-FLOOR SPACE

NOT APPLICABLE

ROOF EXTERIOR

For safety reasons and possible damage, the roof is not walked on and is viewed from a 2 metre ladder where possible.

a) The concrete tiled roof, in areas viewed, is in a satisfactory condition for the age of the property and there did not appear to be any major sagging issues. **Note:** Viewing was limited to the top storey.





INTERIOR OF THE BUILDING

INTERNALWALLS

- a) The internal walls, where viewed, are in good condition for the age of the property and show no evidence of any <u>major</u> structural faults.
- b) Some minor wall cracks were noted which appear to be caused by minor settlement. These can be patched by a plasterer or painter but should be continually monitored. Should any cracks continue to move consult a structural engineer.

c) It appears the **shower** grouting to the Bathroom and Ensuite may have broken down and caused moisture damage to the reverse side of the wall. This is a very common issue with showers. Generally dampness issues are not part of a structural inspection, but in the opinion of the inspector, because the readings from a moisture meter were very high and dampness has penetrated to the ajoining room it could be deemed a defect and possible health issue. It is recommended the cause be confirmed and the shower resealed by a professional company. Refer to the terms of the offer and acceptance to confirm liability for the rectification work.



FLOORS

- a) The concrete floor slab shows no evidence of any major structural faults. The slab is mainly covered with tiles, timber laminate and carpet. The tiles are generally in good condition for a home of this age.
- b) **General Note:** Cracking of floor and wall tiles is quite common and is caused by minor shrinkage and movement of the slab and walls. This would be regarded as a maintenance issue and it is recommended the tiles be replaced using a flexible adhesive. Continue to monitor and should any crack significantly increase in size it is recommended a structural engineer be contacted.

Note: The covered floor areas were not visually inspected.

ROOF SPACE

ROOF STRUCTURE

a) The roof structure of the main house is of timber construction and found to be in a satisfactory condition and appears to have performed adequately. The roof is constructed with W.A. hardwoods and pine and where observed was found to be in a reasonable and stable condition, generally straight and solidly built. The roof was inspected from a manhole in the ceiling.

Should a full structural report be required of the roof structure it is recommended a structural engineer be consulted.

The roof is insulated with yellow batt insulation.





UPPER FLOOR





LOWER FLOOR

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THE PROPERTY WITHIN 30m OF THE BUILDING SUBJECT TO INSPECTION

MAIN PATIO

a) The roofed Patio generally is in sound condition and the metal roof structure appears to be performing adequately. **See condition below.**





- b) The metal members are showing signs of oxidation and rusting. It is recommended these areas be treated to prevent further deterioration.
- c) The metal posts have rusted severely at the base causing a weakness and in the opinion of the inspector is deemed a structural defect. Due to the extent of the rusting there is a strong possibility the post could fracture in heavy winds. It is recommended the post be rectified by a qualified person.



REAR FREESTANDING PATIO

a) The roofed Patio generally is in sound condition and the metal roof structure appears to be performing adequately. **See condition below.**





c) The metal beams have substantial rust in areas causing the metal to flake. In the opinion of the inspector the degree of rusting is deemed unacceptable and treatment is required to be carried out by a qualified tradesman.



RIGHT SIDE PATIO

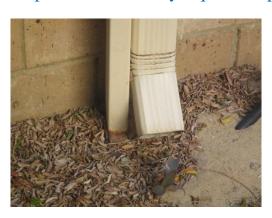
a) The roofed Patio generally is in sound condition and the metal roof structure appears to be performing adequately. **See condition below.**





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b) The metal posts have rusted severely at the base causing a weakness and in the opinion of the inspector is deemed a structural defect. Due to the extent of the rusting there is a strong possibility the post could fracture in heavy winds. It is recommended the post be rectified by a qualified person.



RETAINING WALLS (More than 700 high and visible from standing on the inspected property.)

a) The limestone retaining wall is in a satisfactory condition and no major failure was observed. Some movement cracks were noted which should be monitored. Contact a structural engineer if any movement continues.





STEPS

a) The paved steps are in a satisfactory condition.



DRAINAGE

- a) The soakwells installed appear to be performing adequately but monitor during heavy downpours.
- b) The surface water run off appears to be satisfactory. No evidence of major flooding was apparent but monitor during heavy downpours.

IMPORTANT NOTES CLARIFYING THE EXTENT OF THE REPORT

Please be aware and advised this is a visual report and some faults may not be detected by a visual inspection. Obstructions such as landscaping, vegetation, furniture, window treatments and household items may obstruct viewing. Appliances, Spas and Pools are not inspected.

This report is not intended to advise if any structural members are not to past or current codes, tables and regulations. The property will be inspected for the structural performance and in the opinion of the inspector that existing structural members are performing adequately. The inspector's opinion may vary from other third parties and should the purchaser have any concerns or require further advice a structural engineer should be consulted.

This report is not intended to advise on the compliance of any past and current regulations and codes but to advise on the structure only. Please be aware that properties (especially older ones) were built to totally different regulations and current regulations do not apply.

This is not a full report on all the maintenance and non-structural items that may exist on the property. The items noted are intended as a guide only.

SCOPE OF INSPECTION TO AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS FOR A <u>VISUAL STRUCTURAL REPORT</u>.

The inspection shall comprise of a visual assessment of accessible areas of the property to identify major defects to the building structure and to form an opinion regarding the general condition of the structure of the property.

NOTE: The <u>structural</u> report should not contain any assessment or opinion regarding the following:

- a) Any non-structural elements, e.g. roof plumbing and roof covering, general gas, water and sanitary plumbing, electrical wiring, partition walls, cabinetry, windows, doors, trims, fencing, minor structures, non-structural damp issues, ceiling linings, floor coverings, decorative finishes such as plastering, painting tiling, etc.
- b) An assessment of any aspect or component of the property that cannot be seen or that requires testing and or measuring to determine soundness.

- c) Any area or item that was not, or could not be, observed by the inspector.
- d) General maintenance other than that which is deemed to be directly related to the ongoing structural performance of the property.
- e) Serviceability damp defects such as condensation, rising damp, lateral damp, falling damp should only be assessed and reported on where structural damage has occurred, is occurring or may occur (e.g. fungal rot) significant spalling of masonry or concrete structural elements, significant fretting or mortar, rusting of primary structural elements. Stormwater drainage and surface water defects commonly cause or exacerbate foundation instability and these issues should be assessed and reported on where relevant.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 1. The Client acknowledges that all the information contained in this report document is based on a visual inspection only.
- 2. This report does not include the inspection and assessment of items or matters outside the scope of this report.
- 3. This report does not include the inspection or assessment of items or matters that do not fall within the consultants direct expertise.
- 4. The consultant reserves the right to exempt any area to the property from its report if it can not be safely examined at the time of inspection.
- 5. No items either internally or externally will be moved during inspection, therefore any defects present in the property at time of the inspection that cannot be viewed due to obstruction by any object are exempt from this report.
- 6. The structural integrity of all building materials may not be fully ascertained by a visual inspection only.
- 7. All cracks in the property should be monitored and reinspected by a structural engineer if further movement occurs.
- 8. All timber balconies and decking structures should be weight rated by a certified structural engineer.
- 9. This report is valid for two months from the date of report and only valid for the client noted on the front page of the report.
- 10. Any areas over the height of 2600mm will not be viewed unless prior arrangement is made.

- 11. Kevin Burns Homes take no responsibility for water leaks or damage temporarily concealed or not visible at time of inspection.
- 12. Kevin Burns Homes takes no responsibility for any structural faults caused by termite damage to the property. It is recommended that a full termite inspection be carried out by a licenced pest inspector.
- 13. Kevin Burns Homes takes no responsibility for ceilings that are glue fixed and not screw fixed into position.
- 14. The plumbing fixtures and electrical appliances are not tested at time of this inspection.
- 15. The air conditioning, spa baths, heaters, ovens, cooktops, reticulation and pools will not be tested at time of inspection.
- 16. Kevin Burns Homes shall not be liable to the applicant for damages in respect to the inspection and or report except to the cost of rectification of any defect which should reasonably have been discovered upon visual inspection. The liability of any such claim shall not exceed the sum of \$1000-00 in respect of all defects.
- 17. This report remains the property of Kevin Burns Homes until full payment has been received.

TERMS FOUND IN THE REPORT

- 1) **VERY GOOD CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred to is in an above average state and show all signs of being well constructed originally and well maintained.
- **2) GOOD CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred is in a well maintained state and does not require any immediate attention in order to retain its current form.
- 3) **SATISFACTORY CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred to is either in a sound or average state and is not likely to cause a structural fault in the foreseeable future but may require some maintenance in the near future.
- **4) POOR CONDITION-** whereby the part of the property being referred to is in a below average state and requires maintenance in order to avoid the possible onset of a structural fault. A maintenance item that is mentioned to be in poor condition will require repairs or replacement.
- **5) STRUCTURAL FAULT-** A structural fault in a property is any area of the structure that has lost its designed structural integrity. Properties that are suspected to have a structural fault must be inspected immediately to determine the origin of the fault and the repairs required, as some structural faults can be a danger to the inhabitants of the property if not rectified.

- 6) **SETTLEMENT MOVEMENT-** Settlement movement is the normal movement in a property, which can be caused by many factors. Settlement movement occurs to some degree in all properties throughout their life. Contributing factors to the property's settlement movement are:
- a) The roof structure will move slightly due to changes in temperature, causing expansion and contraction of the roof framing. This movement can pull or push the walls of the property and cause minor cracking.
- b) The stormwater drainage around a property can be a major cause for both internal and external settlement cracks. If a property doesn't have satisfactory drainage, water can pool around the foundations and cause minor movement in the foundations of the property. If the drains are overflowing in wet weather the drainage including soakwells should be checked for blockages and cleaned out.
- c) Vibrations from neighbouring construction of excavations can cause minor movement in foundations of an existing property, which in turn causes both internal and external cracking.
- d) Settlement cracks usually appear above and below the window and door frames, around the ceiling cornices and between floors of multiple storey properties. Whilst settlement cracks do not usually pose structural problems to a property, all cracks should be monitored and if further movement occurs a structural engineer should be consulted to determine the cause. Settlement crack repairs should be part of a property's annual maintenance plan.
- 7) **MAINTENANCE ITEM-** Is any item viewed which requires repairs to ensure the property's overall condition is maintained at an acceptable standard. Whereby the part of the property being referred to, whilst posing no threat to the structural integrity of the property, does require monitoring to ensure its state does not worsen.